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THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

ESTABLISHED 1841.

BIRTH.

At Ligoniel, the Park, on the 26th November,
the wife of F. H. MAY, of a daughter.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG OFFICE: 14, DES VEAUX ROAD CL.
LONDON OFFICE: 131, FLEET STREET, E.C.

HONGKONG, November 28th, 1900

The course of events in China from day to day shows more clearly that the policy of which Great Britain has been the exponent in China has utterly failed in its object of bringing about any satisfactory settlement of the present insupportable position. In fact, so far from progressing, the situation seems to be daily becoming more insoluble, and the knot which with a little knowledge of the complications could have been unravelled, now needs the sword of an ALEXANDER to undo it. At the beginning, as we have pointed out, there were in China itself the elements of recuperation; the great Viceroy almost without exception were on the side of order, and only waited to be assured of personal protection to throw in their lots with the better disposed Powers. Amongst the Powers themselves there was still a certain amount of common feeling, and a desire to bring about a settlement in the general interest of all. Now all this is practically past, the want of any support to the Viceroys, and the desire, while taking advantage of their acts, to leave them to the tender mercies of the Dowager and her crew on the restoration of a pretended peace, have become too palpable to be ignored, and within the last week or two there are unmistakable signs that slowly but surely, the good wishes of the provincial officials are vanishing, and that where, had we been influenced by an intelligible policy, we could have confidently looked for support, we have now to face a sullen power of opposition. Little by little the crew at Hsianfu have been putting out their feelers, and finding that we have calmly submitted to the insults intended in each successive "Imperial Edict," have been advancing their claims, as if we, not they, were the fugitives from justice. Unfortunately this foolish complacency on our part has not ended with ourselves, but the very evident intention to patch up a peace at any price has convinced

the Viceroys that it is our deliberate intention, when the time comes, to hand them over tied and bound to the tender mercies of the party who deliberately planned the murder of all who were either foreigners themselves, or had any sympathy with the party of reform in China. Acting with this party is Li Hung-chang, who, it is very well known, bears no good will to either of the Yangtze Viceroys. The fate of CHANG YIN-HWANG, the first victim to the reaction, following within a few days of the disgrace of Li, is an object lesson that neither LI KUN-CHI nor CHANG CHIN-TUNG can afford to disregard; and as we have exhibited no sign of shielding the Viceroys from the vengeance of the reactionaries, we have practically compelled them, however, personally unwilling, to assume a compliance with the ruling policy which at the beginning they were far from feeling. Leaving on one side the mistakes in policy which have brought about this situation, it is equally clear that, from a practical point of view, and looking merely to the military exigencies of the case, we have committed an equally grave mistake. We had, in fact, in our own hands from a military standpoint the means of rendering any defence impossible. We had not very long ago the power to cut off completely all the resources of the fugitive Court; we were in undisputed possession of the great waterway from east to west, and were in a position to cut off all supplies of men and funds, not to mention food-supplies, which we now know to be going to Hsianfu in large quantities; yet in the face of these facts we have made no attempt to utilise the commanding position which this gave us. It was not to be expected that seeing the embarrassing nature of the negotiations in which we permitted ourselves to be entangled, the Viceroys were themselves going to point out, to their own possible ruin, a course which was evident to any thinking man; and we unfortunately listened to the interested suggestions of such polluted sources as the Chinese Legations in London and Washington. If it be true that the Chinese Bannerman who represented China at Paris, and the Emperor himself, in his touching appeal to the foreign Powers, have both disclaimed their coincidence in this policy, it throws a lurid light on the whole course of our negotiations. No one with sufficient knowledge of the character of the men into whose hands the conduct of affairs has fallen can plead ignorance of their reactionary intentions. No real reply has been given to the charges of Dr. Morrison against the heads of the Legations in England and the United States; and yet in the face of these grave charges we permit the very men arraigned to be our guides and advisers.

No cases of communicable disease were notified as occurring in the colony last week.

One fresh plague case and one death were reported during the 24 hours ending at noon yesterday.

H. M. S. *Terrible* has left Weihaiwei for Yokohama. Both officers and men will probably appreciate the change after their long stay at Weihaiwei.

The Mother Superior of the Italian Convent begs to acknowledge the receipt from Mr. D. Gillies of \$25 and from Messrs. J. D. Humphreys and Son of \$25.

It is said that the object of the departure of Mr. Favier, Bishop of Peking, for Rome this month is to report to the Pope upon the recent occurrences in North China, so far as they affect the position of the Roman Catholic missions and their converts in that part of the Empire.

At the annual meeting of the Preceptory and Priory held last night Sir Knight G. J. B. Sayer was installed as Eminent Preceptor by Past Preceptor Sir Knight G. C. Anderson. The Eminent Preceptor then appointed and invested his officers as follows:—1st Constable, Sir Knights W. Farmer, 2nd Constable, J. Lochead; Chaplain, C. A. Watkins; Treasurer, B. B. Barker; Registrar, E. Dalphus; Marshal, J. J. Bryan; Captain of the Guard, J. W. Graham; Almoner, E. C. Wilks; Herald, J. L. Douglas; 1st Standard Bearer, J. F. Lomax; 2nd Standard Bearer, G. H. Morris; Organist, F. W. Hall; Guard, J. Maxwell.

The Hongkong Amateur Dramatic Club gave a second performance of "Our Flat" on Monday evening, before a crowded house; amongst those present being H. E. Sir Henry Blake, G.C.M.G., and H. E. Major-General Gascoigne, C.M.G., and Mrs. Gascoigne. The performance was most successful, and on the whole was an improvement on that of the opening night, the performers being naturally more familiar with their parts, and showing greater confidence. Mrs. Bagnall Wild and Mrs. Clarke were again exceedingly good, the latter never failing in provoking the laughter of the house. Mr. Bagnall Wild and Mr. C. H. F. Hay again earned well-deserved applause for their clever and consistent acting, and the minor characters were all ably portrayed. At the close of the performance a bouquet was presented to Mrs. Bagnall Wild. The Band of the Royal Welsh Fusiliers were present, by permission, and rendered the following programme:—Overture, "Silver Cross," *Herman*, selection, "London night by night," *Bonheur*, selection, "Shop Girl," *Jones*, March, "Regatta," *Doring*. A third performance, in aid of the Italian Convent, will be given on the 3rd proximo, and a large audience will no doubt be present.

The Chinese silver now in the care of the American Government—some \$275,000 in amount—was taken by the American marines at the capture of Tientsin. Congress will decide what will be done with it. In the meantime it is being treated as a trust fund, the Government regarding itself as custodian.

The troopship *Indians* ran ashore on hard and fast ground on the 7th inst. on the Island of Polillo, off the East coast of Luzon. No loss of life is reported, and the damage to the ship is unknown. There was on board one company of the 1st Infantry, who, with the crew, are all saved, and assistance has been sent down from Manila to float her.

We have received copies of a remarkable Circular in connection with the Chinese Emergency (for all the ecclesiastics in the world), published at Tokyo on behalf of the representatives of the Great Japan Buddhist Union and signed by the heads of six sects. The wording of the pamphlet is at times somewhat quaint, but there is much sound sense in the arguments, addressed particularly to over-anxious presbyters in China.

It will be remembered that some little time ago a number of the Portuguese at Shanghai expressed their desire to form a company of volunteers to be attached to the local corps. The idea was vetoed by a few of the consuls, and much indignation was expressed among the Portuguese community at the action taken by the Council in regard thereto. The latest from the Model Settlement to that effect all the trouble and argument only sixty men have expressed their desire to join, and at a meeting of the leaders held recently, it was suggested that the officer who was sent from Macao to drill them be recalled.

The British telegraph steamer *Shepherd Osborn*, the Danish boat *Nordiske*, and the German vessel *Podbielski*, are employed in laying the cable between Kiaochow and Shanghai. The latter vessel will take the cable from Kiaochow to Shaoehian, the *Osborn* will then splice it and convey it in lighters to Block House Island, where the *Nordiske* will fasten on and run out the cable to Woosung. Here it will come on to Shanghai overhead along this existing line and will take off at the German Post Office in Kiang Road. The *Glenfury* has brought out part of the cable. Later on, another cable will connect Kiaochow and Cheloo.

In consequence of pre-emptory orders received from the German Government, the Commission which for the past few months has been shipping Californian horses and supplies at San Francisco for the German troops in China has left the state for Europe. This step has been taken, a San Francisco paper says, as an indication that Germany's policy in the Orient has been altered in the direction of peace. Of the large number of horses purchased by the Commission only part have been shipped, and 1,160 were ready for shipment when the closing instructions were received. The transports *Frankfort* and *Vereina* have consequently been sent across the Pacific in ballast, and will, according to present arrangements, convey relief and time-expired men, &c., to San Francisco early in the new year. It is believed, the *Chronicle* says, in some quarters that this change in the operations of the German Government has behind it a material modification of its belligerent attitude toward the Chinese. Since the political horizon in the Orient has been partly cleared, the extensive operations which the German Government had in contemplation appear to be unnecessary.

Mr. Chantrey Ingham, formerly of Hongkong and now representative in London of the Russo-Chinese Bank, writes to the following effect in the *Times* of the 26th ult.:—Your issue of the 13th inst. contains a telegram through Banters Agency via Berlin to the following effect:—"The Chinese Customs Bank, which is entrusted with the foreign loan service, is stated to have remitted the sum of 300,000 taels to the Imperial Court at Si-ngan-fu. It is added that the bank intends sending further remittances." The news excited no small comment at the time in view of its importance to all holders of China bonds; for, put bluntly, the telegram meant no less than that the money which was earmarked for the payment of the coupons of China's foreign debt was being "commandeered" by the Chinese Government for its own use, whilst the employment of it might not unreasonably be expected to prolong China's present hostile attitude towards the foreign Powers. As a matter of fact, however, the above contemplated action of the Chinese authorities has been successfully frustrated—with the exception of the first shipment of 300,000 taels—by the prompt and energetic protest of this bank's manager in Shanghai, and the effort to direct the Imperial Maritime Customs revenue into the coffers of the Central Government (an act which, it allowed, might have gone on indefinitely) has thus been stopped at the outset, whilst the Consular representatives of the Powers are all pitted on the *qui vive* to prevent any such further attempt in future. I feel sure that the above information will be welcome to many of your readers, whilst, at the same time, my letter will serve to correct the fantastic and unjustifiable interpretation given to the bank's action by one of your contemporaries special correspondent. To the mind of any business man our bank's successful protest, as agent for the collection of the next dividend due from the Chinese Government on her foreign debt, will be perfectly intelligible. It is difficult, in fact, to see how any manager worthy of his post could have acted differently. The absurd use of the incident to endeavour to damage the bank's good name, and, at the same time, to flagrantly insult a foreign Power, has met with universal condemnation in the City.

Dr. J. Kirk now acts as Colonial Surgeon-Resident at Singapore.

Earl Beauchamp, the Governor of New South Wales, has left Queensland for New Guinea, en route for Hongkong.

An entirely new yacht is to be built in the States to defend the America Cup against Sir Thomas Lipton's new boat. It will be built and handled by a syndicate, but no names are yet revealed.

The *Malay Mail* hears that the total tin output in Pahang this year will probably be about five times that sent out last year, while the ore exported into Selangor, and therefore paying duty at Baur, will probably amount to quite ten times the quantity so exported in 1899.

The Prince of Wales has sold his well-known yacht the *Britannia*, which was built for him in 1893. The purchaser, Sir Richard H. Williams-Bulkeley, commodore of the Royal Angles Yacht Club, has taken the boat over and will have her converted into a ketch.

The Government of Netherlands India has declared Singapore to be an infected port owing to the existence of cholera in that Settlement. In connection with this action the Straits Settlement Government considers it desirable to state that the first case of cholera occurred on the 1st inst. in the Lunatic Asylum and that since then (up to the 17th inst.) 27 cases in all occurred, thirteen in the Lunatic Asylum, and five in the town of Singapore. Pulo Brani has been put in quarantine owing to the occurrence of several cases.

Why is it that post-offices (or at least British post-offices) throughout the world are particularly made the home of "red-tape" delay, and circumspection? A correspondent, writing to the *Times* last month, says:—A letter from Bloemfontein was addressed to me stamped with a 1d. stamp on which I was surcharged 3d.; an inquiry addressed to the secretary of the Post Office produced a visit from an official who informed me that the Orange River Colony is not a British colony. I inquired whether it is a foreign country or what its position is, but to this he was not officially prepared to reply. I mentioned that the annexation took place some months ago, and naturally expressed surprise that the rate of postage remained unaltered. He answered with dignity that the Post Office "could not make these alterations in a day," meaning, I presume, bringing the postal charges into line with those of the Cape and Natal—namely, 1d. per half ounce.

The *San Francisco Chronicle* last month complained that a Democratic contemporary was trying to reintroduce upon the political stage an old ghost—that of Chinese immigration. The Democratic journal speaks of 60,000 full-blood Chinese and an enormous number of half-bloods and seeks to alarm the people with the idea that all the Chinese in the Philippines will forthwith pack their grips and flock to the United States. There is not the slightest danger of anything of the kind, says the *Chronicle*. When the Philippines become fully incorporated pieces of labour and commodities will be the same as prices in the States. It is certain that in the development of the resources of the islands there will be an enormously increased demand for labour, and it is stated that about the only really reliable labour to be had there is the Chinese. It is impossible to imagine why they should wish to leave a country where they are needed at high wages, and their bones, when they die, are within easy reach of the sacred soil of the Flowery Kingdom, and where they virtually control the labour market, and come across the ocean to some other country, where they are not wanted, and where the competition of labour is ten times more severe. The Chinese in the Philippines will not come here, for they can do better where they are, as the *Chronicle* concludes.

The Ceylon Government, in view of the municipal scandals raised by Mr. White, the Mayor and Chairman of the Municipal Council at Colombo, has appointed Mr. Ellis Government agent, Western province, to take up Mr. White's duties for the next three months. In a letter communicating this change to Mr. White the Colonial Secretary says: "His Excellency (the Governor) had no reason to believe that you were dissatisfied or had any serious fault to find with the administration of Municipal affairs until the beginning of September, when there appeared in the newspapers notices of certain questions to be put by you, at an approaching meeting of the Council, to Mr. Charles Perera, Councillor for the Maradoma ward. These questions, which suggested that Mr. Perera had unduly arrogated to himself authority over the officials of the Health Department, were not put, but at the meeting of the Council on 14th September Mr. Perera made a personal explanation to the effect that the authority, to which you appeared to take exception, had been delegated to him by your predecessor in the chair, and had been exercised at his wish. Apparently you were satisfied with this explanation and the matter was allowed to drop. This being the state of the case, His Excellency read, with some surprise, in the newspapers of 21st September, a memorandum by you in the unusual and not very appropriate form of questions and answers by yourself, containing various reflections on the management of the Health Department. This was followed by other memoranda, published on 25th and 29th September, emphasising these charges. These memoranda, to which an exaggerated interpretation appears to have been attached by the public, raised much controversy and excitement, and there followed a practically unanimous demand by the Press, on behalf of the ratepayers, for the appointment of a commission of enquiry into the grave scandals which were assumed to have been exposed by you."

TELEGRAMS.

"DAILY PRESS" SERVICE.

THE CRISIS IN CHINA.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENTS.]

SHANGHAI, 27th November, 7.30 p.m.

PROPOSED ARREST OF PRINCE TUAN.

It is reported that fifty of the Palace Guards have gone to Ningsia to arrest Prince Tuan, who is collecting a body-guard of Mongol princes.

SERIOUS AFFAIRS AT SHANGHAI.

Serious affairs took place here last night being caused by some French soldiers who drew their bayonets. A Sikh policeman was badly stabbed in the stomach.

LONDON, 26th November, 7.45 p.m.

LARGE RUSSIAN NAVAL REINFORCEMENTS FOR CHINESE WATERS.

A Kiel despatch states that two Russian torpedo-boats, two battleships, and an armoured cruiser, now in the North Sea, are proceeding to China. A division, consisting of torpedo-boat destroyers, will leave in December.

GENERAL NEWS.

LONDON, 26th November, 7.45 p.m.

PRESIDENT MCKINLEY ON U.S. POLICY.

President McKinley, speaking at Philadelphia, claimed that the presidential elections had completely endorsed the past policy of the Administration. The future policy of the United States would be on the same lines. The Republican party, he stated, had no tendency toward Imperialism.

REUTERS SERVICE.

LONDON, 26th November.

MR. KRUGER'S RECEPTION IN PARIS.

Mr. Kruger was received in Paris like a popular foreign Sovereign. Impassioned addresses demanding freedom and justice and deploring oppressors were presented to him. Mr. Kruger replied in a similar strain and said he looks to the nations to secure the independence of the Republic. He spoke through densely thronged streets, wild with enthusiasm everywhere. M. Loubet received him with ceremony and afterwards visited him at his hotel. Great precautions were taken to prevent an anti-English outbreak and the British Embassy was guarded.

THE UNITED STATES AND CHINA.

The United States have addressed a circular to the Powers suggesting that less extreme measures in regard to punishment and indemnities be taken as a basis of negotiations.

THE ILLNESS OF THE TSAR.

The Tsar is progressing satisfactorily, although his temperature rose on Saturday afternoon to 103°.

LOCAL MOVEMENTS.

The German transport *Batavia* arrived on Monday night from Vladivostok, with 2,500 Russian troops on board.

The British transport *Unita* arrived yesterday from Shanghai.

The French gunboat *Comete* arrived yesterday from Swatow.

The British cruiser *Erasmus* returned from a cruise yesterday.

ROYAL HONGKONG YACHT CLUB.

The races for the Commodore's Cup will be sailed as follows:—

Date.	Course.
Dec 1st. Rock 1 mile S.W. of Cowachow Post.	Starboard.
Dec 15th.	Starboard.
Start at 2 p.m. No time limit for finishing.	
The yachts will all sail together, but will be classed in three divisions, viz. A.—The first or 24th L.R. B.—The second or handicap; and C.—The cruising class. There will be three prizes, two cups and a small third prize, one prize only to go to each class.	

Prize.	Handicap.
Majorie	scratch, allow
Bonito	
Alannah	
Maid Marian	1 minute
Brica	
Doreen	
Gloria	
Meteor	10 "
Admiral	
Dart	14 "
Ladybird	
Poyne	
Sybil	20 "
Thistle	
Madge	

LATEST STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The C. P. R. steamer *Empress of India* arrived at Nagasaki at 8.30 a.m. on Monday, the 26th inst., and left again at 5 p.m. same day for Kobe, where she was due to arrive at 10 p.m. yesterday evening.

The N. P. steamer *Energia* arrived at Tacoma from Japan and Hongkong on the 25th inst.

The F. and O. steamer *Japan* left Singapore for this port on the 27th inst. at 2 p.m.

SWATOW.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

Swatow, 26th November.

MISCHIEVOUS FRENCH ACTION.

The French gunboat *Comete* arrived here from Canton on the 19th instant and after two days' stay left for Tchia Na, a great trading place to the north of Swatow. The *Comete* returned from there on the 23rd inst., and the particulars of her doings along the coast which have reached me may interest the readers of your paper, who will see for themselves how the French are taking things in their own hands, without awaiting the approaching conclusion of peace. Since the last disturbances here one of the local French priests was appointed to represent France as Consul at Chow-chow, the seat of the Taoist's Yamen. The new Consul accompanied the *Comete* on her cruise along the coast, and on arrival at Tchia Na a force of marines was landed, who in company with the Commander and the Consul went to interview the local Chinghai and enquired from him why he did not prevent the demolishing of three houses which had taken place a long time ago. The Chinghai, being in his present office only a short while, pleaded ignorance as to the demolition of the houses. The Commander would on no account listen to the explanations, but intimated to him that he would have to pay \$8,000 to make good the loss sustained. I may mention that the houses, the property of converts, were destroyed by rowdies, while the payment of \$8,000 is to come from the villagers.

In the meantime the French appropriated cattle, fowls and vegetables from the inhabitants, or, as the Boers say, commandeered all these things for their own use on board the *Comete*. Undoubtedly a cheap way of provisioning a man-of-war.

ANOTHER INSTANCE.

In a village called Leng Tchin To, close to Ungkong, three Roman Catholic convert families were robbed by the rowdies, and in consequence the villagers had to pay \$800 compensation to the French. Not satisfied with this the French ordered the villagers to burn three houses, to which the Chinese, yielding to force majeure, agreed, but so far they have not put their promise into actual execution. You can see, nevertheless, in what way the French are meeting out justice.

SHARING AN OFFICIAL.

From the above-mentioned village the *Comete* proceeded to Ungkong, where they were received by the Niu Ping Sheng, specially sent down by the Taoist for the purpose. The French again demanded \$8,000 for the damages caused by rowdies in the late disturbances, and threatened to burn down a certain number of houses which were pointed out to them by the native converts and subsequently marked by the French, if the villagers refused to satisfy their demands. The ultimate result was that the Chinese promised to pay the \$8,000. During the interview with the Niu Ping Sheng the Commander of the *Comete* drew his sword out of the scabbard and struck the table heavily with it to accompany, I suppose, his words with a certain amount of severity. By his action the Commander gave the Niu Ping Sheng such a dreadful scare that he declared out during the night and fled into the country, thereby breaking off all further transactions.

At Ungkong the French also arrested four Chinese and had them taken on board the *Comete*. At the time of writing I could not ascertain if the said Chinese had been liberated yet.

Owing to the above described high-handed action of the French, innumerable people left Ungkong and the surrounding villages, and cleared off into the interior. What this affair will lead to cannot at present be known.

THE SITUATION.

here and in the outlying districts is perfectly quiet, but if the French continue their mode of procedure as they have done around here on two occasions I shouldn't wonder if the expected rebellion in the south actually breaks out.

has been in our port for the past 40 days and is expected to leave for the North on two days' time. S. M. S. *Nes Adair* arrived here on the 22nd to replace the *Bazard*.

H. I. M. S. *Isuzu* called on the 18th instant and remained here for two days. She brought the Japanese Vice-Consul down from Amoy, and he proceeded to Chouchow to pay his call on the Taoist. It was rumoured that the Japanese tried to get a concession here, but did not succeed, as the Taoist gently reminded them that it is at present inopportune to give any concessions away.

OTHER ITEMS.

The British Consul, Mr. Scott, with his family, has arrived here and has taken over charge of the British Consulate.

Trade is generally reviving and assuming its former propensities.

The weather is at present cool and bracing.

HONGKONG POLO CLUB.

Weather permitting, the final match of the Lewis Polo Tournament will really take place to-day (Wednesday), commencing at 4.15 p.m.

The following are the teams:—
Lt. Comdr. Wilkin Major Kettlewell
Mr. Williams Mr. Mulliken
Mr. Stockwell Mr. Labretouche
Capt. the Hon. H.W. Capt. Taylor

By kind permission of Lt. Col. Baillie and officers 22nd Bombay Infantry, the band of the Regiment will attend.

FOOTBALL.

A match will be played between H.K.F.C. 2nd XI and C.O. B.W.F. to-day, Wednesday, at 4.15 p.m. The following will play for the Club:—Backs—C. H. F. Hay and H. Pinckney; Halves—C. T. Kow, H. S. Holmes and A. Porter; Forwards—A. F. Williamson, T. Yule, A. C. J. Stevens, R. E. Browne, R. E. Caulfield, R. E. and a goal-keeper.

THE TIBETAN MISSION TO
RUSSIA.

From some time past students of Col

sian matters have been attributing to Ra-

was by the occupation of Kashgaria, and

establish her influence over the Buddhists of the Land of Tibet, only to be disappointed.

only establish her influence over the
early Lant of Tibet, only to be designed
communists and propagandists of absurd view
and their own. And now we learn, writ
correspondent to the *Times*, to the surprise
from the best-informed, that the matter
ganger in the stage of intention by
Russia has successfully
forbidden the last High Asia. So
the same sensation, on a scale
ment was created when Grombichev
now commanding on the Sungari, made
away into Hunan 12 years ago. That of
rising officer, however, instead of
the reputation and territory of his Empire
injured him in the eyes of his Emperor
to make good his words, and at
second place, by causing us to seize and st
a neglected postern in the defence
India. Perhaps when the last word com
we wrote on this Tibetan chapter
may not be very different from the
Russia, in her r

stealthily way, has stolen a march upon us and scored a point. The Government of India by its ostentatious neglect of all questions beyond the northern frontier of the peninsula has contributed to Russia's success. It allowed its agent at Kashgar, George Macartney, to be completely overshadowed by the Russian Consul-General.

Potrofsky, it might have known that in order to do over rest satisfied until her husband was supreme throughout Chinese Turkestan and from the time of Colonel Prejevalsky has never concealed her ambition to piece together the Tibetan mystery. Confident in the fact that she supposed to be conferred by the Himalayas, the Government of India has remained indifferent to the schemes imputed to Russia; now that she have made a step in the direction of realization, it may, perhaps, see reason to revise its situation.

ago that must have prepared it in some way for what has now taken place. When the Chinese envoy and his staff came to Calcutta to sign the treaty which terminated the trouble the envoy's chief secretary told the British official connected with China the following story. Some years before a Russian of the name of Prejevalsky, but it is not known whether his identity although the opinion is hazarded that it might have been Rotchayev, arrived in Tibet and established a mission with one of the divisional Governors

country. He dilated, in the favourite Russian idiom, from the time of Vicksburg, on the dangers likely to arise from British aid, and on the assistance his master, the White Tsar, could and would render to distressed potentates in resisting their designs. He went on to say to his host, the Landgrave, There might be some difficulty in communicating with the Russian authorities in the event of any trouble with the British; therefore, I will send you these two letters addressed to the nearest Russian agent. One letter is to be sent should you have disputes with the British so that we may act by diplomatic means. The other is distinguishable from the first, is to be sent in the event of a serious quarrel or invasion of your country, when we will come to your aid with an army.

The Russian officer left, and the Landgrave handed the letters to the Chinese Resident at the Legation.

whose office, no doubt, they would still be. The arrival of a Tibetan mission in Lhasa could not be concealed, even if the Russians wished to hide so notable a success. It was not to the revelation of the well-kept secret 18 months ago an accredited Russian mission entered Lhasa. The envoy, M. Badmayeff, accompanied this mission, seems to have had some special qualifications for his task, as he is described as being of Mongolian extraction, a fact that would mean that he was acquainted with the tenets of the Tantrah Lamaism, which is in regular correspondence with the Lama of Lhasa. There is nothing more to be said about the fact that M. Badmayeff reached Lhasa from Tibet. At the most it would only refer to a place somewhat small band of one of several nationalities who preceded him, and upon what has been considered by many as the greatest geographical discovery of the present age, the first step towards the opening of human enterprise and spirit of adventure to the importance and significance of Badmayeff's mission lie in the results. It is very surprising that the Dalai Lama has received him and accepted him as a Buddhist and accustomed to the Lamaism, but it certainly is very remarkable that he should have been able to induce the Dalai Lama to send a return mission to Europe.

no wish to diminish the satisfaction
Badrinayoff when the Dalai's envoys
happiness" a few days ago of being
to the Emperor at Livadia. The
surpassed that of the Emperor's
medal of our own. The Geographical So-
is considered the blue ribbon of sci-
with the experience of Grombchev
nature we may hint that it may
fleeting.

The Russian official description of
envoy is "the senior Tsamtsi Khutso
to the Dalai Lama of Tibet," and
names are given as Axharamba Agvan.
If the description is accurate, we
that this particular Khemba or Khe-
perhaps head of a monastery is a la-
ing—is one of the councilors of the
The use of the word "senior" may
to convey the idea that this Khe-
Giablu is Prime Minister of Tibet
not believe that until very recently
furnished. "The Dalai's councilors
of Prime Minister and nine coun-
of their priests, or Dabas and
Axharamba Agvan is probably con-
on this council. The Giablu is
from one of the governing lamas
"frings" or divisions into which Tib-
He is a saintly personage, and, like
himself, his soul is supposed to be
into another body. For this reason
the Tibetan Prime Minister would not
to leave his country, and conse-
official whom the Russians are con-
at the highest, only a mere coun-
no right to ride in a palanquin
his own country. Until more de-
safed some scepticism is permis-
precise value of the credentials, is
individual. There are several
in the land of the Lamas and
according to G. the Lamas are
Exhibition itself contained at least
the Dalai Lama from Urga bear-
burden of a soul *in transitu*.
some time ago on his return
perhaps his services may have
to encourage his co-religionists
visit originally undertaken for
Urga or Mainachuy into the
Europe, Endowing that the

The navy department showed Whitman a message to Admiral Dewey, who quoted page 172, Report of the Philippine commission, volume 1, as follows:—"No alliance of any kind was entered into with Aguinaldo; no promise of independence made to him then or at any other time."

considerably more. NOW there is no reason why the foreign trade of China should not be the Japanese proportion of 18s. 4d. per £100, and even, considering her boundless resources, to greatly surpass it. Consider again that in 1899 China's foreign trade was roughly valued at £39,000,000 (of which Britain's share was £43,000,000), and that if the 18s. 4d. per £100 proportion were ever reached in China the

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was by the occupation of Kashgaria, and

The arrival of a Tibetan mission in Lhasa could not be concealed, even if the Russians wished to hide so notable a success, but it is to it the revelation of the well-kept secret of 18 months ago an accredited Russian had entered Lhasa. The envoy, M. Badmaev, accompanied this mission, seems to have been sent to Lhasa by his government.

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to encourage his co-religionis
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Urga or Maimachin into the C
Europe. Even allowing that t

THE above Steamer having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature, and to take immediate delivery of their Goods from alongside.

Cargo impeding the discharge of the Vessel will be landed and stored at Consignees' risk

WO FAT & CO.
SHIP CHANDLERS, SAIL MAKERS,
GENERAL STOREKEEPERS,
 No. 11, LEE YUEN STREET, EAST.
 Hongkong, 25th July, 1900. [2074]

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11-18-51

1. *Chlorophyll a* and *Chlorophyll b* were determined by the method of Lichtenthaler (1987). The total chlorophyll content was determined by the method of Arar and Cook (1980). The carotenoid content was determined by the method of Lichtenthaler and Whaley (1980). The total phenolic content was determined by the method of Singleton and Rossi (1965). The total flavonoid content was determined by the method of Zhishen et al. (1999). The total protein content was determined by the method of Lowry et al. (1951). The total lipid content was determined by the method of Folch et al. (1957). The total carbohydrate content was determined by the method of Dubois and Gilles (1950). The total ash content was determined by the method of AOAC (1990). The total acid content was determined by the method of AOAC (1990). The total base content was determined by the method of AOAC (1990). The total nitrogen content was determined by the method of Kjeldahl (1900). The total phosphorus content was determined by the method of Molybdenum blue (1900). The total potassium content was determined by the method of Flame photometry (1900). The total calcium content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrometry (1900). The total magnesium content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrometry (1900). The total iron content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrometry (1900). The total zinc content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrometry (1900). The total copper content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrometry (1900). The total manganese content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrometry (1900). The total selenium content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrometry (1900). The total iodine content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrometry (1900). The total bromine content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrometry (1900). The total chlorine content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrometry (1900). The total sulfur content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrometry (1900). The total carbon content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrometry (1900). The total oxygen content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrometry (1900). The total hydrogen content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrometry (1900). The total nitrogen content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrometry (1900). The total phosphorus content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrometry (1900). The total potassium content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrometry (1900). The total calcium content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrometry (1900). The total magnesium content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrometry (1900). The total iron content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrometry (1900). The total zinc content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrometry (1900). The total copper content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrometry (1900). The total manganese content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrometry (1900). The total selenium content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrometry (1900). The total iodine content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrometry (1900). The total bromine content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrometry (1900). The total chlorine content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrometry (1900). The total sulfur content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrometry (1900). The total carbon content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrometry (1900). The total oxygen content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrometry (1900). The total hydrogen content was determined by the method of Atomic absorption spectrometry (1900).

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[Published by Special Arrangement.]
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BY
WILLIAM LE QUEUX.

Author of "Whoso Findeth a Wife," "Purple
and Fine Linen," "The Day of Temptation,"
"Of Royal Blood," &c., &c.

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CHAPTER XXIX.
TWO TO THE TEST.

"I remember very little of the events of that
day," my love said, with some reluctance. "I
knew Ashwicke, he having been a guest here
last year, and a frequent visitor at Gloucester
Square. With Nora and Sir Henry I returned
to London in early May, after wintering in
Florence, and one morning at the end of June
I met Major Tattersall unexpectedly in the
Burlington. He told me that his sister and
niece from Scotland were visiting him at his
house in Queen's Gate Gardens, and invited
me to call, and make their acquaintance."

"I never, however, gave me an invitation
to luncheon for the twenty-fourth of July,
which I accepted. On arrival I found the ma-
jor, his sister and his niece were out
shopping; therefore I sat alone awaiting them
in the drawing-room, when of a sudden I
experienced for the first time that curious sen-
sation of being frozen. I tried to move, but
was unable. I cried out for help, but no one
came. My limbs were stiff and rigid, as though
I were struck by paralysis, while the pain was
so great that I could not utter a word."

"I have a faint recollection of uncon-
sciousness, but my last clear recollection of con-
sciousness was of an indistinct sister
face peering into mine. All then became
strangely distorted. The balance of my brain
became inverted, and I lost my will-power, be-
ing absolutely helpless in the hands of those
who directed my movements. I could not hold
back for all my actions were mechanical, obey-
ing those around me. I remember being dressed
for the wedding, the journey to the church,
my meeting with my future husband—where-
after, however, I was unable afterwards to recall
the service, and the return. Then came a
perfect blank."

"And afterwards?"

"Night had fallen when I returned to my
senses, and the strange sensation of intense
cold gradually left me. I looked around, and
to my amazement saw the pale moon high in
the sky. My head was resting upon something
hard, which I gradually made out to be a wooden
seat. Then, when I sat up, I became aware of
the bewildering truth—that I was lying upon
one of the seats in Hyde Park."

"In Hyde Park? And you had been placed
there while in a state of unconsciousness?"

"Yes. Upon my finger I found a wedding-
ring. Was it possible, I wondered, that I was
actually married to some unknown man?"

"You saw nothing of Ashwicke?"

"I saw no one except the maid-servant who
showed me into the drawing-room, and cannot
in the least account for the strange sensation
which held me helpless in the hands of my
enemies. I saw the man I married at the
church, but so mistily that I did not recognise
you when we met again."

"But you knew the house in Queen's Gate
Gardens. Did you not afterwards return there
and seek an explanation of Tattersall's?"

"On discovering my whereabouts I rose and
walked across the Park to Gloucester Square.
It was then nearly one o'clock in the morning,
but Nora was sitting up in anxiety as to what
had become of me. I had, however, taken
the ring from my finger, and to her told a
fictitious story to account for my tardy return.
Two days later I returned to the house to which
Tattersall had invited me, but on inquiry found
by a lady named Stentford, who was abroad;
while the man left in charge knew nothing
whatever of the major or of his sister and
niece. I told him how I had visited there two
days previously, but he laughed incredulous-
ly, and when I asked for the maid-servant
who had admitted me he said that no maid
had been left there by Mrs. Stentford. In
prosecution of my inquiries I sought to discover
the register of my marriage, but not knowing
the parish in which it had taken place, my
search at Somerset House was fruitless. They
told me that the registers were not made up
there until six months or so after the ceremony."

"You did not apply to Doctors' Commons?"

"No," she responded. "I thought the entry
would be at Somerset House."

"What previous knowledge had you of the
maiden?"

"He was a friend of Ashwicke's, who had
been introduced to us one night in the stills at
Daly's. He afterwards dined several times at
Gloucester Square."

"But Sir Henry does not know him?"

"It was while he was away at the Cape."
"Then you have not the faintest idea of the
reason of our extraordinary marriage, darling?"

I asked, holding her hand. "I have told you
all that actually occurred. Can you form no
conclusion whatever as to the motive?"

"Absolutely none," she answered. "I am as
utterly in the dark as yourself. I cannot un-
derstand why you were selected as my husband."

"But you do not regret?" I asked tenderly.

"Regret! No," she repeated, raising her
beautiful face to mine, perfect in its loveliness
and purity. "I do not regret now, Richard, be-
cause I love you. And our lips met again
in fervent tenderness."

"It is still an absolute mystery," I observed
at last. We knew that we were welded, but
there our knowledge ended."

"We have both been victims of a plot," she
responded. "If we could but discover the mo-
tive, then we might find some clue to lead us
to the truth."

"But there is a woman called La Gioia," I
said, and, continuing, explained my presence
in the park at Whitton and the conversation I
had overheard between herself and Tattersall.
Her hand, still in mine, trembled perceptibly,
and I saw that I had approached a subject dis-
tasteful to her.

"Yes," she admitted at last in a hard strin-
gent voice, "it is true that he wrote making an
appointment to meet me in the park that night.
I kept it, because I wished to ascertain the truth
regarding my marriage. But he would not
come. He only urged me to secure my
own safety because La Gioia had returned."

"And who is La Gioia?"

"My enemy," my bitterest enemy!" I asked
in a tone of slight reproach.

"I know nothing else. I do not know who
or what she is, or where she lives. I only know
that she is my unseen evil genius."

"But you have seen her. She called upon
you that evening at Gloucester Square when
she assumed the character of your dreamer,
and a few nights ago she was here in this
house."

"Here?" she echoed in alarm. "Impossible!"
Then I related how I had seen her, and how
her evil influences had fallen upon me when
afterwards I had entered my room.

"The thing is actually beyond belief," she
declared. "Do you really think you were not
mistaken?"

"Most assuredly I was not. It was the wo-
man who called upon you in London. But you
have not told me the reason you were absent
from your room that night."

"She was silent for a few moments, then an-
swered:—

"I met Tattersall. He demanded that I
should meet him, as he wished to speak with me
secretly. I did so."

"Why did he wish to see you?"

"In order to prove to me that he had no hand
in the tragic affair at Whitton. I had suspect-
ed all along that he was responsible for the
colonel's death, and my opinion has not altered.
I begged him to tell me the reason of the plot
against me, the motive of my marriage, and the
identity of my husband. But he refused point-
blank, telling me to ask La Gioia, who knew
everything."

"Have you no idea of her whereabouts?"

"None whatever."

"If we could but find her," I said, "she
might tell us something. All if we could but
find her!"

"My love was trembling. Her heart was filled
to overflowing with the mystery of it all. Ye
I knew that she loved me—yes, she loved me.
How long we lingered there upon the terrace
I know not, but it was late ere we re-entered
the drawing-room. Who among these assem-
bled guests would have dreamt the truth! We
were man and wife!"

"As I went upstairs I found a letter lying up-
on the half-table in the place where the guests'
letters were placed. Barton had, suppos-
edly, driven into Chelsea and brought with him the
mail coach, in the mail coach, I have
delivered on the following morning. The
note was from Hester, a couple of awkwardly
scratched lines asking me to come and see him
without a moment's delay."

"Eager to hear whether the queer old fellow
had made any discovery, I departed next
morning by the eight o'clock express for London,
having left a note with Beryl's maid explaining
the cause of my sudden journey, and soon after-
wards was seated with the old German in his
lofty laboratory. The table was, as usual, filled
with various contrivances, bottles of liquids and
test-tubes containing fluids of various hues,
which before him, as I entered, a small table
containing a bright blue liquid was bubbling over
the spirit-lamp, the heat causing the colour
gradually to fade."

"Ah, my friend," he cried with his strong
accent, holding out his big fat hand encased in
a stout leather glove. "I am glad you have
come—very glad. It has been a long search,
but I have discovered something, after all. You
see these?" and he indicated his formidable
array of retorts and test-tubes. "Well, I have
been investigating at Gloucester Square, and
have found the affair much more extraordinary
than I believed."

"And you have discovered the truth?" I
demanded.

"Yes," he responded, turning down the flame
of the lamp and bending attentively to the bub-
bling fluid from which all colour had disappeared
while I had been watching. "I shall relate to
you the course of my investigation."

"Do. I am all attention."

"Well," he said, leaning both elbows upon
the table and resting his chin upon his hands,
while the tame brown rat ran along the table
and scrambled into his pocket, "on that first
evening when you sought my assistance I knew
from that moment's contact both of us
perceived that the evil influence of that
mysterious visitor in black was due to some
unknown narcotic poison. It was for that
reason that I was enabled to administer an
antidote without making an exact diagnosis.
Now, as you are well aware, toxicology is
a very strange study. Even common false-
salt is a poison, and has caused death.
But my own experiments have proved that al-
though the various narcotic poisons produce
but little local change, their remote effects are
very remarkable. Certain substances affect cer-
tain organs in particular. The remote action
of a poison may be said to be due in every
instance to its absorption into the veins or the
lymphatics, except when there is a direct con-
tinuity of effect traceable from the point where
the poison was applied to the point where the
remote effect is shown. It is remarkable that
the agents which most affect the nervous system
do not act at all when applied to the brain or
the trunk of nerves. Poisonous effects result
from absorption of the poisoning body, and
absorption implies solution; the more soluble,
therefore, the compound is, the more speedy
are its effects. Do you follow me?"

"Quite clearly."

"The rapid remote effect produced on leav-
ing that room made plain to me that I must
look for some powerful narcotic poison that
may be absorbed through the skin," he went on.
"With this object I searched microscopically
various objects within and without the room,
but for a long time was unsuccessful, when one
morning I made a discovery that upon the white
porcelain handle of the door a little colourless
liquid had been applied. Greater part of it had
disappeared by constant handling, but there was
still some remaining on the shaft of the handle.
The microscope showed distinct prismatic
crystals. All these I secured, and with them
I made some deadly poison than any of the
known poisons of hypodermis with an
effect of muscular paralysis very similar to that
produced by curare, combined with the stiff-
ness about the neck and inability to move
the jaws so apparent in symptoms provoked
by strychnia. The unknown substance, a
most deadly secret poison, and as I have since
proved, one of these known to the ancients, had
been applied to the door handle on the night
when you were present. I secured the door-
handle, and I secured a quantity of the po-
ison. I tested it, and it had not been for the
purpose of poisoning and the mixed or mixed
oil which I fortunately lit upon death must
have caused in the case of each of us."

"To determine exactly what was the poison
used was an almost insurmountable task, for I
had never met with the substance before, but
after working diligently all this time I found
that by treating it with sulphuric acid it under-
went no change, yet by adding a fragment of
bichromate of potash a series of blue, violet,
purple and red tints were produced, very similar
to those seen in the tests for strychnia. The
same results were brought about also by peroxide
of lead and black oxide of manganese. I dried
the skin of a frog and touched it with a
drop of solution containing a single one of
the tiny crystals, when strong tetanic con-
vulsions ensued, and the animal died in
ten seconds. At last, however, after many
other experiments, the idea occurred to me that
it was an alkaloid of some plant unknown in
modern toxicology. I was, of course, aware of
the action of the calabar bean of the West
Coast of Africa, the akazga, the rhubarb seeds
of India, and such like poisons, but this was
certainly none of these. It was a substance
which struck death through the cuticle—utterly un-
known to us, yet the most potent of all secret
poisons."

"And how did you determine it at last?"

"By a reference I discovered in an ancient
Latin treatise on poisons from the old mu-
seum at Paris, now in the British Museum.
It gave me a clue which ultimately led me to
establish it as the alkaloid of the rayana bean.
This bean it appears was used in the tenth and
eleventh centuries by a sect of despotic Arab
mystics called the Fatimites, who had made
Cairo their capital, and held rule over Syria,
Iraq, and the northern coast of Africa."

"The last Fatimite was, at a later date, de-
stroyed by Saladin, conqueror of the Kurds, and
who opposed Richard I. of England. The po-
ison, introduced from Egypt into Italy, was
known to the old alchemists as the most secret
means of ridding one of undesirable acquain-
tances. Its effect, it was stated, was the most
curious of any known drug, because for the
time being it completely altered the disposition
of the individual and caused him to give way
to all sorts of curious notions and delusions,
while at the same time he would be entirely
obedient to the will of any second person,
although the lower limbs were frozen, complete
loss of power, exhaustion and death. But in
modern toxicology even the name of the rayana
was lost."

"My first step, therefore, was to seek as-
sistance of the great botanist who is owner
of Kew Gardens, and after consider-
able difficulty and many experiments we
both arrived at the conclusion that it was
the bean of a small and very rare plant peculiar
to the oasis of the Ahik in the south of
the Great Sahara. At Kew there was a student
specimen, but it had never borne fruit; there-
fore we both searched for any other specimen
that might exist in England. We heard of one
in the wonderful gardens of La Mortola, near
Montone, and after diligent inquiries dis-
covered that a firm of importers in Liverpool
had sold a specimen with the beans in pod,
which was delivered to a person named Norton,
living in Bishop's Wood Road, Highgate, and
planted in a small greenhouse there. I have
not been idle," he added with a grin. Then
taking from a drawer in the table before him
a photograph, he handed it to me, saying, "I have
been able to obtain this photograph of Mrs.
Tattersall—the lady who purchased the plant in
question."

"He held it out to me, and in an instant I
recognised the face. It was that of the woman
who had crept so silently through the room at
Atherton—La Gioia!"

"Briefly, I told him all that had transpired on
that night, and declared that I recognised her
features, whereas he granted in satisfaction.
"You asked me to try to solve the mystery,
and I have done so. You will find this woman
living at a house called 'Fairmead,' in the road
I have indicated. I have not only established
the cause of the phenomena, but I have at the
same time rediscovered the most extraordinary
and deadly substance known in toxicology. As
far as the present case is concerned my work is
finished. I have succeeded in making some of
the rayana alkaloid. Here it is!" and taking
a small yellow glass tube, securely corked and
sealed, he handed it to me. In the bottom I
saw about half-a-grain of tiny white crystals.
I knew now why he was wearing gloves in his
laboratory."

"And have you seen this woman?" I asked
the queer old fellow whose careful investigations
had been crowned with such success. "How
did you know on the following day that it was
Gioia who had come in the guise of a dress-
maker?"

"I have seen her, and I have seen the plant.
It is from one of the beans, which I secured
secretly that I have been able to produce that
substance. I knew her name by overhearing a
conversation between

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ag, 29th May, 1895.
SURANCE OFFICE
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for the above Computer
ACCEPT RISKS aga
ates.
SIEMSS
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EN AND MUNICH
SURANCE CO.
F AIX-LA-CHAPELLE

ACCEPT RISKS a
Rates.
ER, BRÖCKELMAN
Agents
21st April, 1897

IS PRECIOUS.
 may be able to assure, to-
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SUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE

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not paid away but

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OF THE UNITED STATES
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Aug. 26th November, 190

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ag :—
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case of natural death.

case of partial total d
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Other Particulars apply to
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A.
ag, 8th June, 1896.

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INCORPORATED 1853
TAL.....
undersigned, having been

ACCEPT RISKS at
Rates.
Wm. MEYER
Ages
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GENERAL AGENTS

is prepared to ACCI
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LANDER FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

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Rates. HOTZ, s'JAC
ng. 2nd April, 1900.
SATLANTIC FIL

undersigned, having been
for the above Company
ACCEPT RISKS against
ates
SIEMENS

g, 16th November, 18
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LE INSURANCE C
FUNDS AT 31ST DEC

PAID UP CAPITAL...	\$3,
PAID UP CAPITAL...	2,
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FUNDS.....	2,

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SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.

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POLICIES of L
at Current Rates.

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Aug. 17th August, 1887.
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(Chinese Daily Press)
HONG KONG

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1997

HONGKONG 27th November

STOCKS.	No. OF SHARES.	ISSUE VALUE.	PAID UP.	LAST DIVIDEND	CLOSING QUOTATIONS
BANKS.					
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	80,000	\$125	\$125	30/- div. at 1/11/83. \$15.08 per share for last half year 1900	[sellers] 316 p. a. p. = \$520 London £57 10s.
Bank of China & Japan, Ltd.	190,875	28	24	None	25 5s.
Do. Deferred	1,250	21	24	None	\$25, sellers & buyers.
National Bank of China, Ltd.	10,970 A	210	28	28 1/2 for 1899	\$20, buyers
Do. Founders' Shares	29,955 B	210	28	28 1/2, 174 = \$1.30 for '96	\$20.
	750,000	21	24	None	
MARINE INSURANCES.					
Union Ins. Society, Ltd.	10,000	\$250	\$50	40 p. ct. = \$20 for 1898	\$245, sellers
China Traders Ins. Co., Ltd.	24,000	\$83.33	\$25	10p. ct. for y. end. 30/400 (Int. T. 9.23 = £1.542/8 1/2)	\$51, sellers
North China Ins. Co., Ltd.	5,000	\$100	255	T. 10.82 = £1.542/8 1/2 50 = 20 p. ct. for 1897	(Int. 172).
Yantai Ins. Assocn., Ltd.	10,000	\$106	\$50	\$12 for 1899	\$115, sellers
Custom Insurance Office, Ltd.	10,000	\$250	\$50	\$12 for 1899	\$130, buyers
China Insurance Co., Ltd.	30,000	\$100	\$20	5 p. cent. for 1895	\$1.

FIRE INSURANCERS.					
Hongkong Fire Ins. Co. Ltd.	8,000	\$250	\$50	\$27 for 1898	\$295, sellers
China Fire Ins. Co. Ltd.	20,000	\$100	\$20	\$6 for 1898	\$76, sellers.
SHIPPING.					
Hongkong, Canton and Macao S. N. Co. Ltd.	50,000	\$15	\$15	[\$130 for half year ended 30.6.1900.]	\$82, buyers
Indo-China S. N. Co., Ltd.	60,050	\$10	\$10	p.ct. & 2 p.ct. bonus for '09	\$95, sellers
China & Manila S. S. Co., Ltd.	4,000	\$50	\$50	20 per cent. for 1899	\$45, sellers
	15,000	\$50	\$20		\$27, sellers
Douglas Steamship Co., Ltd.	20,000	\$50	\$50	12 per cent. for year ending 30.6.1900	\$40, sellers
China Mutual S. N. Co., Limited, Preference	20,000	\$10	\$10	Int. of 3 per cent on a/c of 1900	\$103, sellers
Do. Ordinary	20,000	\$10	\$10	Int. of 5 per cent on a/c of 1900	\$103, sellers
Do. do.	20,000	\$10	\$5		\$42, buyers
Star Ferry Co., Limited	10,000	\$10	\$10	\$105=12 p. ct. for year ended 30.4.1900	\$18.
Shell Transport & Trading	2,000,000	\$1	\$1	Int. of 7 p. cent. on a/c of 1900	\$41, sellers
				Int. of 5 p. cent. on a/c of 1900	\$23, buyers

FIRE INSURANCERS.						
Hongkong Fire Ins. Co. Ltd.	8,000	\$250	\$50	\$27 for 1898		\$295, sellers
China Fire Ins. Co. Ltd.	20,000	\$100	\$20	\$6 for 1898		\$76, sellers.
SHIPPING.						
Hongkong, Canton and Macao S. N. Co. Ltd.	50,000	\$15	\$15	[\$130 for half year ended 30.6.1900.]		\$82, buyers
Indo-China S. N. Co., Ltd.	60,050	\$10	\$10	p.ct. & 2 p.ct. bonus for '09		\$95, sellers
China & Manila S. S. Co., Ltd.	4,000	\$50	\$50			\$45, sellers
	15,000	\$50	\$20	20 per cent. for 1899		\$27, sellers
Douglas Steamship Co., Ltd.	20,000	\$50	\$50	12 per cent. for year ending 30.6.1900		\$40, sellers
China Mutual S. N. Co., Limited, Preference	20,000	\$10	\$10	Int. of 3 per cent on a/c of 1900		\$103, sellers
Do. Ordinary	20,000	\$10	\$10	Int. of 5 per cent on a/c of 1900		\$103, sellers
Do. do.	20,000	\$10	\$5			\$42, buyers
Star Ferry Co., Limited	10,000	\$10	\$10	\$103=12 p. ct. for year ended 30.4.1900		\$18.
Shell Transport & Trading	2,000,000	\$1	\$1	Int. of 7 p. cent. on a/c of 1900		\$41, sellers
				Int. of 5 p. cent. on a/c of 1900		\$23, buyers

Co., Limited					
Refineries.					
China Sugar Refining Company, Limited	* 20,000	\$100	\$100	Int. of \$24 per share on a/c 1900	\$123, buyers
Luzon Sugar Refg Co., Ltd.	7,000	\$100	\$100	\$3 for 1897	\$35, buyers
Mining.					
Panjon Mining Co., Ltd.	90,000	\$8	\$8	None	\$2.75, sellers
Do. Preference	30,000	\$1	\$1	None	7 cents.
Société Fran. des Char- bonnages du Tonkin	16,000	Fr.250	Fr.250	None	\$260, buyers
Queens Mine, Limited	400,000	25 cts.	25 cts.	None	7 cents, sales & sell
Jelutong Mining and Trg- ding Company, Ltd.	45,000	\$5	\$5	5 p.c. half year end. 17 3/4 (coupon 5)	\$4, sellers
Roub Australian Gold Mining Co., Limited	200,000	\$1	10/10	1 sh'g 51 cts. 10th div. on 7-700	\$50, sellers
Olivers Freehold Mines, Limited	A 15,000 B 45,000	\$5 \$5	\$5 \$4	None	\$2, sales \$1.20, sellers
Great Eastern and Cal.	140,000	\$4	\$3	First year	5 cents

Gold Mining Co., Ltd.	70,000	\$1	\$1		40 cents
Do. Preferences					
Docks, Wharves, & Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Co., Limited	12,500	\$125	\$125	8 p.ct. & 12 p.ct. bonus for 1 year ended 30/6/00	\$45 per p.pr. = \$406 [sell]
Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and G. Co., Ltd.	30,000	\$50	\$50	Int. of 5 p. cent. on account of 1900.....	\$83, sellers
Wanchai Warehouse and Storage Co., Ltd.	2,600	\$100	\$371	Int. of \$15 on account 1900 = 22 p. ct. for 1899	\$61, buyers
New Amoy Dock Co., Ltd.	6,000	\$63	\$61	22 per cent. for 1899 ..	\$201.
Land, Hotels & Buildings Hongkong Land Investment & Agency Co., Ltd.	50,000	\$100	\$100	Int. \$3 on account 1900	\$183, sales
Kowloon Land & B. Co.	0,000	\$50	\$30	\$14 for 1899	\$254, buyers
West Point Building Company, Limited	12,000	\$50	\$50	Int. \$1.50 on acct. 1900	\$40, sellers
Hongkong Hotel Company, Limited	12,000	\$50	\$50	10 p. ct. for half year ended 30/6/1900.....	\$129.
Hongkong Land and Buildings Co., Ltd.	7,000	\$50	\$50	First year	65, buyers

Oranville	Hamphreys Est. & Fin. Co.	100,000	\$10	\$10	5 per cent. for 1899.....	\$12.10
	COTTON MILLS					
	Ewo Cotton, Spinning and	17,500	Tls100	Tls100	{ 34 p. ct. for period ending 31.10.97.....	Tls. 321
	Weaving Co. Ltd.,					Tls. 40
	International Cotton Co., Ltd.	10,900	Tls100	Tls100	3 p. ct. on account '99	Tls. 371
	Laoa-kung-mow Cotton	8,000	Tls200	Tls100	{ 1 p. ct. on account '98 on 0,000 shares	
	Spin. & Weav. Co.				4 p. ct. for period ending 31.12.97.....	Tls. 375
	Soy Chai Cotton Spinning	2,000	Tls500	Tls300		Tls. 274
	Company, Ltd.					
	Yahlong Cot. Spin. Co. Ltd.	7,500	Tls100	Tls100	None	\$5 buyers
	Hongkong Cotton Spin.					
	Weav. & Dye. Co. Ltd.,	12,000	\$100	\$100	None	
	MISCELLANEOUS					
	Green Island Cement Co.	50,000	\$10	\$10	10 p. c. for 1'0 on o. Capt.	\$184 sales
	China Borneo Co., Ltd.	7,500	\$20	\$15	None	\$31
	A. S. Watson & Co. Ltd.	00,000	\$10	\$10	{ final of 6 p. ct. mak- ing 11 p. ct. for '99	\$16, sellers
		20,000	\$10	\$10	70 cents per share.	{ \$121 sales & buy- ers

Hongkong Electric Co., Ltd.	30,000	\$10	\$5	7 cents per share.	
Hongkong and China Gas Co., Ltd.	7,000	\$10	\$10	9 p. ct. for 1899	\$118, buyers
Company, Limited.					
Hongkong Rope Mfg. Co., Ltd.	10,000	\$30	\$10	\$10 for 1899	\$170, sellers
Geo. Fenwick & Co., Ltd.	6,000	\$25	\$25	15 per cent. for 1899	\$50.
Hongkong Ice Co., Ltd.	5,000	\$25	\$25	Int. \$2 p. a. on act. 1900	\$173.
Hongkong High Leverage Co., Ltd.	1,250	\$100		\$12 for year ended, 31-11-99	\$180, buyers
Dairy Farm Co., Ltd.	10,000	\$71	\$8	\$1 per share	\$74, ex div. sold
Carmichael & Co., Ltd.	2,000	\$25	\$20	\$1 for 1899	\$20, buyers
Hk. & China Bakery Co., Ltd.	600	\$50	\$20	15 per cent. for 1899	\$30.
Camplish, Moore & Co., Ltd.	1,200	\$10	\$12	12 per cent. for 1899	\$23.
Bell's Asbestos & E. Agoy, Ltd.	10,000	\$1	\$1	75c. [per share for year ended	\$8, sellers
United Asbestos Oriental Agency, Limited	9,000,000	\$10	\$4	\$29 [per share for year ended	\$20
Agency, Limited	100,000	\$10	\$10	\$29 [per share for year ended	\$3, sellers
Tobean Planting Co., Ltd.	50,000	\$5	\$5	None	
Ch. President Loan & Mortgage Co., Ltd.	50,000	\$20	\$10	80 cents for period ending 31-12-99	\$9.75, buyers & sold
Watkins, Limited	16,000	\$10	\$10	3 per cent. for 1899	\$107, sellers
Universal Trading Co., Ltd.	50,000	\$20	\$5	None	\$51, buyers

CLEAN COMPANIES.					
Alhambra, Limited	203	\$500	\$500	25 p.c. of bond and 300 P.O.	\$1,500, buyers'
La Commercial, Limited	208	\$300	\$500	int. of 10 p. c. for 1939	\$450 ex div.
Hensiana, Limited	750	\$103	\$103	First year	\$100.
La Favorita, Limited	139	\$300	\$500	First year	\$625, sellers'

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Mr. C. H. Allen	Mr. H. R. Lewis

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Mr. A. Jay	Widow Mrs. White
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